

Fair and Colder  
Tonight.

# The Washington Times

LAST EDITION

NUMBER 7612.

Yesterday's Circulation, 45,715

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 24, 1912.

Eighteen Pages

PRICE ONE CENT.

## HOW WOULD THE CAPITAL VOTE IF IT HAD CHANCE?

What a Canvass of Part  
of the District  
Shows.

### ROOSEVELT FAVORED BY BUSINESS MEN

Wilson Thought To Lack the Ex-  
perience Necessary To Fill  
the Place Acceptably.

A representative of The Times Classified Advertising Department whose duties bring him in touch with a wide variety of Washington citizens undertook the setting down of the opinions of men with whom he came in contact on the political situation. The fact that none of the men were talking for publication explains the elimination of names, but the story even without established identities is interesting.

By PAUL MOORE.

How would Washingtonians vote if they could cast ballots on November 5? Some people may feel about this as did the president of a country debating club when the question was being discussed whether there is more happiness in the possession or pursuit of an object.

"Mr. President," said an orator, "support I was courtin' a gal, and she was to run away, and I was to run after her, wouldn't I be happier when I caught her than when I was running after her?"

Mr. President replied that he could not see how that was to be ascertained before she was caught. So many may think it is entirely futile to discuss how Washington would vote when we know that it has no vote, and that none is soon to be "caught." Yet, I ask again, how would Washingtonians vote if they had the power granted to their fellow-countrymen outside the District in these United States? And I answer: For Theodore Roosevelt.

Gives Opinions of Others.

This is not a personal question. It is a result of the law of averages. My own views enter not into it. I am simply a reporter now, giving expression to opinions I have heard voiced by men of the Capital. Nor is this any "pick and choose" expression. The views were not sought for publication, hence no names are mentioned—but are simply gleanings from conversations I had with men as I met them, men of whose political sympathies I was wholly ignorant, until conversation, entered in to while pursuing other business, revealed them.

What does the investigation show? First. A very prevalent feeling that Mr. Wilson will be elected.

Second. A very strong preference for Mr. Roosevelt. It is very easy to account, of course, for the feeling about Democratic success at the polls. The whole country talked that before any of the conventions, and the split in the Republican party has naturally intensified this belief. Washington, where so few men have a vote, has been slower to reach out after any opinion of its own as to the prospects of the candidates than places where political heat is at the boiling point.

Not an Open Question.

But it is hardly an open question as to which candidate Washingtonians—that is, the average man who lives in the Capital City—would prefer to see elected. That I discovered in talking with a great many men of various professions, businesses, and trades, who are to be found daily in the district bounded by Eleventh and Sixteenth streets, Massachusetts avenue and the river. Such territory is surely representative of Washington business life, and that five out of seven of the expressions favored Mr. Roosevelt was a surprise to me and is a conservative statement. Most of the Democrats, of course, favored Mr. Wilson for President, and many of the Republicans liked him as a man. But I found some Democrats who had actually reached the conclusion that after all a Democratic Congress can make some big botches, and that Mr. Wilson will not be the great savior of this nation. An eminent lawyer whose wide acquaintance with political conditions and political knowledge election

### WEATHER REPORT.

FORECAST FOR THE DISTRICT.  
Fair and colder tonight; Friday fair.

#### TEMPERATURES.

U. S. BUREAU.	APPELLECK'S.
8 a. m. .... 48	8 a. m. .... 52
9 a. m. .... 50	9 a. m. .... 53
10 a. m. .... 53	10 a. m. .... 56
11 a. m. .... 58	11 a. m. .... 60
12 noon .... 54	12 noon .... 61
1 p. m. .... 54	1 p. m. .... 61
2 p. m. .... 56	2 p. m. .... 64

#### SUN TABLE.

Sun rises. 6:15 | Sun sets. 5:12

#### TIDE TABLE.

Today—High tide, 6:34 a. m. and 6:48 p. m. Low tide, 12:46 a. m. and 12:56 p. m.  
Tomorrow—High tide, 7:13 a. m. and 7:22 p. m. Low tide, 1:26 a. m. and 1:30 p. m.

## JUSTICE COFF CHARGES JURY IN BECKER CASE

Warns Members to Disregard  
Speeches Not Based  
Upon Evidence.

### DEFENDANT APPEARS INDIFFERENT TO FATE

Gazes About, Chews Gum Idly,  
and Waves Hand Once Caress-  
ingly to His Wife.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—The fate of Police Lieut. Charles Becker is in the hands of the jury.

At precisely 1:55 o'clock Justice Coff concluded his charge to the twelve men who are to pronounce the defendant guilty of the murder of Gambler Herman Rosenthal, or declare him innocent and give him back his freedom.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—With a warning that they were to disregard any portion of the attorney's speeches which were not based upon submitted evidence, Justice Coff charged the jury today in the trial of Police Lieut. Charles Becker, charged with the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler.

Those in the court room had the impression that this was a hit at Attorney McIntyre, who, in his speech for the defendant, drew at great length a vivid word picture of Jack Rose, the chief witness for the prosecution.

#### Becker Appears Indifferent.

The first hour of Justice Coff's charge was devoted to the law on evidence as it affects juries. The case was expected to be in the jury's hands this afternoon.

During the charging of the jury, Becker lounged idly in his chair, chewing gum, and gazing, with the air of a disinterested spectator, over the crowded courtroom. At one time he looked in the direction of his wife, pale and nervous, in another part of the room, and waved his hand caressingly.

Justice Coff's charge was lengthy. He overlooked few details. In a deliberate voice he read the law pertaining to the case as it concerned the jury. He read the definitions of first and second degree murder and informed the jury that they could bring in a verdict if they judged the defendant guilty of either degree.

I will not read the definitions of the degrees of manslaughter unless counsel for the defense so desires, Justice Coff added, turning to Becker's counsel.

#### Outlines Case for Jury.

"We do not ask it," McIntyre replied Justice Coff directed that Becker might be found guilty of second degree murder if the jury found that there was no premeditation. But if it was found that sufficient time elapsed between the order to kill and the murder, for the order to be withdrawn, then deliberation and premeditation were there. The case, as outlined by the court for the benefit of the jury, was as follows:

1. That Becker expressed a desire to Rose for Rosenthal's death.  
2. That Rose acted on such instructions.  
3. That Rose, acting on the design, had Rosenthal killed.

If Becker did this, then he is guilty of first-degree murder, Justice Coff went on. "If the State has proven the case as I have stated it, then Becker is guilty. The State will have to prove this to your satisfaction."

#### Has Doubts About Schepps.

The court reviewed in detail almost minute by minute the movements of the defendant on the night of the murder, as outlined by the State. He quoted witnesses who corroborated these movements, but he told the jury that they were not to let his telling of the story sway them, as he was merely reviewing the testimony to refresh their memory. He drew the attention of the jury to the fact that the State was seeking to prove merely that Becker inspired the murder.

"If you believe there is a certainty of this," he said, "then gentlemen, the defendant is guilty as an accessory before the fact, which, under the common law, makes him a principal in the crime."

The main witnesses against Becker are what are called accomplices. There is no question about their being accomplices. There is a question about Schepps, but I charge you that Rose, Webber, and Vallon are accomplices.

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

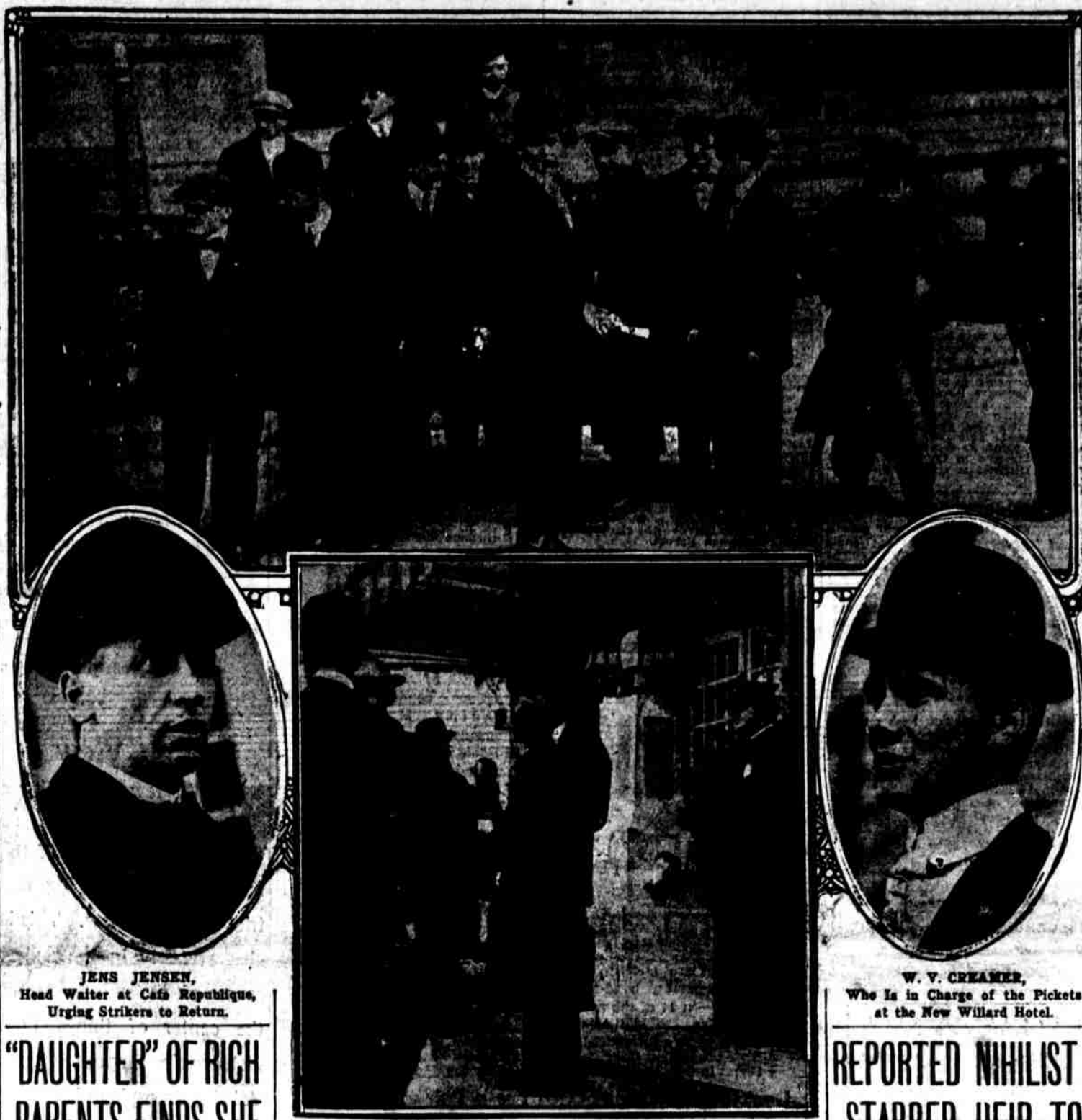
## BERKSHIRE IS SAFE, REVENUE CUTTER SAYS

Captain Carden, of the revenue cutter Seminole, sent a wireless here today, saying that the steamer Berkshire, of the Merchants and Miners' line, which took fire off Cape Hatteras, was safe and that he would stand by her until tomorrow, when a wrecking steamer will come to her assistance to free her hold of water.

The Berkshire's passengers have been taken aboard the steamer Frederick and landed at Beaufort, N. C.

## Scenes Among Striking Waiters at Washington's Principal Eating Places

Pickets at New Willard Receiving Instructions From W. V. Creamer.



JENS JENSEN,  
Head Waiter at Cafe Republique,  
Urging Strikers to Return.

## "DAUGHTER" OF RICH PARENTS FINDS SHE IS SERVANT'S CHILD

Sues for Share of Estate and  
Learns in Court She Is  
a Changeling.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 24.—Mrs. Daisy Ogden, thirty-one years of age, who for the entire period of her life had supposed herself the daughter of wealthy Mr. and Mrs. "Andy" Auer, through court testimony in her suit for a share of the \$100,000 estate, has discovered that she is a changeling, supposedly substituted by a servant in the house of the St. Louisans.

The members of the household of "Andy" Auer, at the famous garden at Grand and Magnolia avenues, on a September night thirty-one years ago, retired at the usual hour.

In the morning, when the servants and others awakened they were surprised by the wailing of an infant. It was a girl, who had been born in the house, or was supposed to have been born, in the night.

It was the source of gossip. Mrs. Auer was ill in bed at the time, and it had been stated a few days earlier that a child which had died at birth had been born to her. Servants afterward said that Auer and his wife quarreled on the morning that the wailing of the infant first were heard in the house.

However, it was generally taken for granted that a child had been born to Mr. and Mrs. Auer. And for years the child, who went to school, grew up and was married under the name Daisy Auer, says she never had any intimations that she was other than the child of "Andy" Auer and his wife, Elizabeth Auer.

Two years ago Mrs. Auer died, her husband having died previously, and among her effects was found a writing in the form of a will in which it was stated that she bequeathed her jewelry and some other articles "to her foster daughter, Daisy."

Then came the mysterious circumstances connected with the birth of the child came forward with corroborative evidence to show that she was not the daughter of Elizabeth Auer.

But no one had ever attempted to show whose child she was until today, in the circuit court. Oliver C. H. Roeder, a relative of the Auers, and a former boarder in their home, produced a faded note which he said he had found in the house in 1884, and which would tend to show that the baby was "Marie Miller."

The woman whom Daisy Auer Ogden thinks may have been her mother appeared as a witness and it was she who told of the strange manner in which the baby had come into the house.

### Admiral a Suicide

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 24.—Rear Admiral Tschagin, commander of the czar's yacht Standart, committed suicide by shooting today. No reason has been given.

Policemen Watching Pickets at Entrance to Cafe Republique.

Photos by G. V. Buck.

## HURRY IN WAITERS TO RELIEVE CAFES STRIKE HITS HARD

Hotel Managers Confident of Victory.  
Servers Picketing Hotels Guarded by  
Police—Guests Go Hungry.

While police guarded the entrances of the affected hotels and pickets peaceably patrolled adjacent streets, the waiters' strike, less than twenty-four hours' old, proceeded uneventfully today.

Apparent optimism prevails in both camps. The hotel managers shortly after noon today declared the backbone of the strike had been broken and that sufficient recruits will have been enlisted by tonight to restore the customary service in the New Willard, the Raleigh, the Cafe Republique, and the Hotel Powhatan.

At strike headquarters, in G street, there was much bustling about and persistent claims that the demands of the strikers for "better hours and more pay" would prevail.

### DENY HEARING STRIKE "GRIEVANCES."

Hotel managers joined in the statement that no "grievances" had been presented by the striking waiters prior to the strike, and that in reality it was a simple and inexplicable "walkout."

More or less interrupted service was furnished at each of the hotels and cafes named today, and the strike, up to this hour, has not spread to other hostilities. Save for occasional verbal run-ins between the police and pickets early today, the strike, involving probably 200 waiters, cooks, and helpers, has been a tame affair, so far as surface indications go.

The places of the strikers are being filled with recruits—mainly colored—at each of the four affected dining places.

### Coming From New York.

Forty white waiters, who have been drafted by the Raleigh, are said to be en route to Washington from New York, and will reach the Capital tonight.

"We will have all the waiters we need to-night," was the general statement of the hotel management this afternoon. At the Cafe Republique it was declared that more recruit waiters than were needed had applied for positions.

The strike leaders claim that approx-

## REPORTED NIHILIST STABBED HEIR TO RUSSIAN THRONE

Another Rumor Says Czar-  
ina, Grieved, Tried to Leap  
From Window.

BERLIN, Oct. 24.—Startling rumors concerning the condition of the Czar-  
evitch, and the nature of the wound or ailment from which he is suffering, were current here today.

One report had it that the eight-year-old heir to the Russian throne was stabbed by a Nihilist. Another was to the effect that he is a victim of a serious kidney trouble. Of none of these rumors was there the slightest verification, nor was accurate information as to the boy's present state available.

The Czarina, according to one report, tried to leap from a high window when she learned how seriously her son was ill. She and her sister, Princess Henry, are nursing him personally.

From the fact that prayers are being offered in all churches for the patient's recovery, it was believed he is in grave danger.

## SUIT FOR DAMAGES BY RACE PROMOTERS

Governor Marshall One Against  
Whom Action Will Be Brought  
in Indiana.

MINERAL SPRINGS, Ind., Oct. 24.—Hearing of injunction proceedings brought against State officials to enjoin them from stopping racing at the Mineral Springs race track, will be followed by a suit for damages.

Those to be named in the suit are Gov. Thomas R. Marshall, Mark Thielwaite, his secretary, Adjutant General McCoy, Brigadier General Gardner, of Indianapolis, Major George W. Freyermuth, and Capt. Guy Kiebaul, of South Bend, and Capt. George Healy, of Rensselaer Springs.

## Brewery Will Revoke Jack Johnson's License

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—The brewery which owns Jack Johnson's license announced today that it would take it away from him October 31. The effect will be to put the champion out of business in Chicago, and several friends say, they expect Johnson will leave the city as the result.

The attack against Johnson by his brother before the grand jury yesterday wounded the champion deeply, and has been sullen ever since. He keeps close to his apartments, going out only when necessary.

## BULGARS FLANK MARCH ADDS TO FURY OF BATTLE

For Third Day Turks Are  
Making Stubborn Defense  
at Kirk Kilissa.

### FIRE FROM REAR FERDINAND'S HOPE

Czar Thinks He Can Compel Ca-  
pitulation By Movement Be-  
hind Ottoman Army.

VIENNA, Oct. 24.—The fiercest fighting of the campaign marked the resumption today of the Turko-Bulgarian struggle before Kirk Kilissa, according to latest advices received here from the front.

This was the third day of the battle and the increase in the fury of the Bulgarian attack and of the Turkish defense was attributed to the development of a flanking movement by Czar Ferdinand's forces, evidently designed to take the Ottoman army in the rear, and to the reported re-enforcement of the Turks by the arrival of strong bodies of troops, withdrawn from the districts where Servians and Greeks are operating, to oppose the more formidable Bulgarian advance.

#### To Turn Flank.

Ferdinand's attempt to turn the Turkish flank and strike at Kirk Kilissa from the rear was being undertaken by the Bulgarian army, as was reported earlier, first as marching southward along the Black Sea coast, and later as coming in the vicinity of Timovo and Viala. If successful, it will not only catch the Turks between two fires, but will threaten their line of communications with Constantinople and place the Kirk Kilissa and Adrianople defenders in a really desperate situation.

It was believed that the possibility of every available Turk to resist the Bulgarians that military experts today believed the weakness of the Turkish opposition to the Servian and Greek forces due.

The belief grew among the best authorities today that Kirk Kilissa will prove to be a turning point, and that upon its result the outcome of the present Balkan campaign will depend.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 24.—The Turks routed the main Servian army in Albania, it was officially announced by the government today. The Servians said the official statement numbered about 100,000. The vicinity of the town of Kumanovo, which the Servians had previously claimed to be captured, was given as the scene of the engagement. The fight was a bloody one, it was added, and after the fighting the Turkish army was pursuing the fleeing enemy.

The announcement, it must be noted, comes from an official source. Instead of constituting a guarantee of its accuracy, casts a certain amount of suspicion upon it. It was in fact, as accepted as true by the Turkish people, however, and aroused unbounded enthusiasm among them. They interpreted it as marking the turning point of the campaign and initiating an uninterrupted series of Turkish successes.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Reports of Montenegrin reverses in Albania were denied by the Montenegrin consul general here today, on the strength of official dispatches from Cetinje. The Turkish town of Tarsbach, near Scutari, has been bombarded, he added, with great precision for two days, and reports of Montenegrin casualties have been greatly exaggerated.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Oct. 24.—Among a number of persons summarily shot here today for offenses in connection with the war was a governmental official who gave a receipt to a contractor for forty tons of cheese for the soldiers, though only thirty had been supplied; and a Red Cross nurse, who had sold information to the Turks.

ATHENS, Oct. 24.—Following the capture of the Turkish town of Servia or Serdika, seventeen miles northwest of Mt. Olympus, the Greek army here today was officially announced to have succeeded in cutting off the retreat of the Turks, now hurled on the bank of the Maritsa stream. The fourth division, it was stated, has marched northward, unopposed. Eighteen Greek officers were killed or wounded, it was added, in the attack on Servia.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The Bulgarians have captured Kirk Kilissa, according to a message from Sofia to the Exchange Telegraph Company this afternoon. There is no confirmation.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—With a view to preventing a general European clash, France, it was stated on good authority today, is already in communication with the chancelleries of the other powers in an effort to arrange for joint intervention to end the Balkan war immediately following the battle of Kirk Kilissa.

The French opinion is that, no matter which side may win the pending engagement, the Kirk Kilissa fight will decide the war. It is felt here that if the Balkan allies are victorious they will attempt to seize Turkish territory, with Russia's backing, which will immediately mean trouble with Austria.

If Turkey is victor, the Sultan is expected to undertake expansion to the north, with Austria behind him and Russia objecting.

In either case it is feared France, England, and Germany would be drawn into the struggle.

BUDAPEST, Oct. 24.—That the Servians have captured part of the Albanian town of Kumanova where the Turks claim to have routed King Peter's forces was asserted in a message from Belgrade this afternoon. The dispatch said fighting was still raging.